

18mm betterJOINERY - Substrate

Independently Verified Product Carbon Footprint (PCF) Full Report

11 July 2025

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Document overview

This Product Carbon Footprint (PCF) report provides a transparent and verified account of the greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions associated with the production (cradle to gate) of 18mm betterJOINERY - Substrate.

Prepared in alignment with internationally recognised standards, compiled using a range of high quality data sources, and reviewed by our expert in-house staff, this report demonstrates Rebuilt's customers' commitment to transparency, sustainability excellence and continuous improvement.

Whilst every effort is made to ensure that this Product Carbon Footprint is accurate and complete at the time of publication, Rebuilt recommends that users of this document consider undertaking any additional assurance as may be required to ensure data input claims by the declarer prior to using this document to make public claims.

Benefits of using this Product Carbon Footprint

This document can be used to:

- Inform your customers about the embodied emissions in your products
- Meet procurement and tender requirements
- Identify hot spots and opportunities for making improvements in carbon intensity over time
- Input into mandatory corporate carbon disclosure reporting.

Notes for readers

PCFs for products within a category will yield different results. When comparing PCFs it is important to consider:

- Not all reference datasets are identical. PCFs within the same product category but leveraging different data sources or assumptions may not give identical results.
- PCFs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804 or if they are produced using different Product Category Rules, or if their dates of production are different.
- PCFs of construction products calculated using generic industry values may not yield the same result as a PCF of a similar construction product that has been generated by a single manufacturer using product-specific or manufacturer-specific information to inform their PCF.
- Understanding the detail is important in comparisons. Expert analysis is often required to understand the detail and ensure data is truly comparable, to avoid unintended distortions.
- The best way to compare products and understand how important the apparent differences in carbon performance might be, is to place them into the context of a project or structure across the whole life cycle.

Results at a glance

18mm betterJOINERY - Substrate

saveBOARD

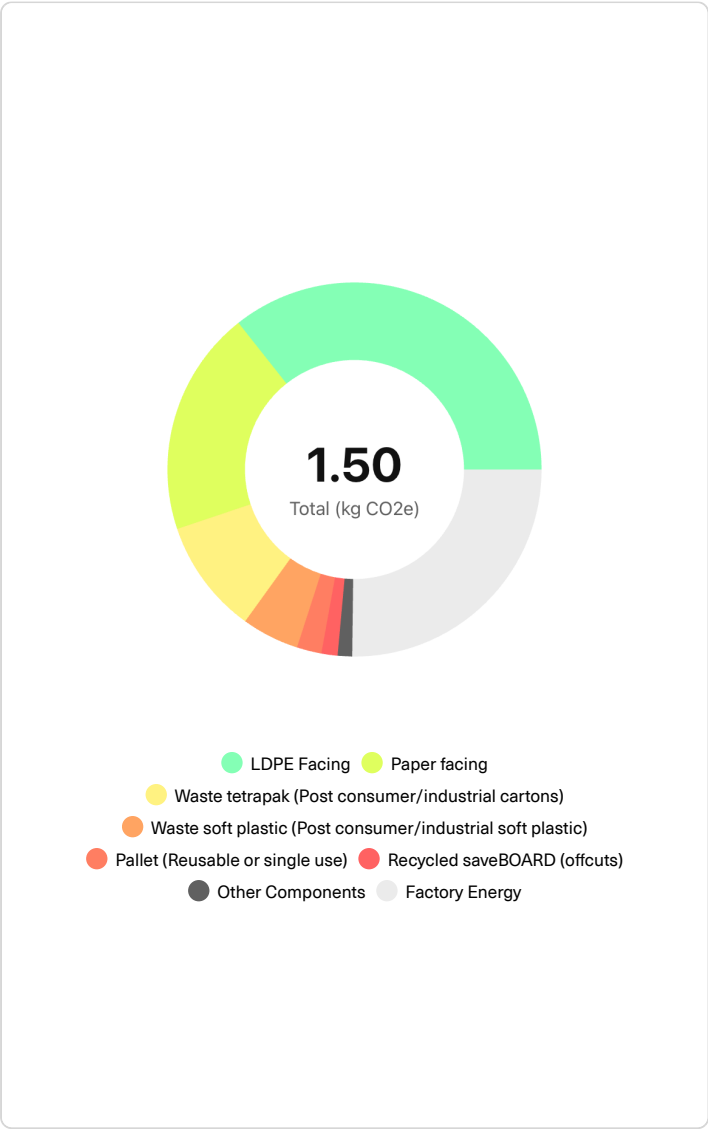
Total upfront carbon
(A1-A3)

1.50

Carbon Footprint
kg CO2e /m2

Carbon impact (Fossil)

Relative carbon impact of the components of the product



Component name	Material name	Weight (kg)	kg CO2e	% of total kg CO2e
Waste tetrapak (Post consumer/industrial cartons)	waste beverage carton, 1L, for uht milk (ambient) - in kg (zero fossil CO2e)	5.82	0.15	9.92
Pallet (Reusable or single use)	EUR-flat pallet - in kg	0.09	0.03	2.14
LDPE Facing	packaging film, low density polyethylene (LDPE)	0.15	0.53	35.65
Waste composite fibres	waste single use paper cup, lid or container, for food packaging, from virgin fibre (zero fossil CO2e)	2.93	0.02	1.25
Plastic film (Shrink wrap or similar)	-	0.01	0.00	0.00
Waste soft plastic (Post consumer/industrial soft plastic)	burden-free material	5.82	0.07	4.96
Recycled saveBOARD (offcuts)	waste saveBoard Multi-use board panel (zero fossil CO2e)	0.82	0.02	1.39
Paper facing	kraft paper	0.41	0.29	19.49
Factory Energy	Factory Energy	0.00	0.38	25.19
		Total (kg)	Total (kg CO2e)	
		16.05	1.50	

Carbon intensity by life cycle stage

Carbon impact from raw materials (A1), transport to factory (A2), production activities (A3), transport to site (A4), and installation (A5).

Type	A1 (kgCO2e)	A2 (kgCO2e)	A3 (kgCO2e)	A4 (kgCO2e)	A5 (kgCO2e)
Fossil	0.82	0.27	0.41	0.00	0.00
Biogenic	-14.16	0.00	-0.14	0.00	0.00
Luluc	0.20	0.00	< 0.01	0.00	0.00
	Total (kgCO2e)	Total (kgCO2e)	Total (kgCO2e)	Total (kgCO2e)	Total (kgCO2e)
	-13.15	0.27	0.27	0.00	0.00

Report information

Publication date	July 11, 2025
Valid until	July 11, 2030
Verified by third-party	Declaration owner generated report Reviewed and verified by Rebuilt
Verifier contact	www.rebuilt.eco iso@rebuilt.eco
Geographic scope	N/A
Data collection period	1 July 2023 - 30 June 2024
Standards compliance	ISO 14040, ISO 14044, ISO 14064-3, ISO 14067, ISO 14071
Product Category Rules (PCR)	EN 15804+A2:2019

This PCF report has been created and verified in accordance with:



Company information

Declaration owner	saveBOARD
Company description	saveBOARD manufactures sustainable construction products made from majority recycled materials. saveBOARD products are durable, versatile, and environmentally friendly. saveBOARD products can be used in various applications, including residential, commercial, and industrial construction.
Company address	-
Manufacturing facility	saveBoard Warragamba NSW
Manufacturing address	15 Production Avenue, Warragamba NSW, Australia

Product information

Product name	18mm betterJOINERY - Substrate
SKU	-
Description	saveBOARD betterJOINERY panels are a unique engineered composite panel made from 98% upcycled materials. The core of the product is made from shredded and compressed composite packaging, wood fibre and soft plastics. It is available as Substrate (Blank) only supplied ready for laminating with either a High Pressure Laminate or Timber Veneer (by others).
Net weight (kg) per declared unit	15.95
Declared unit	1 m2 For the purposes of this report, declared unit is taken to be an individual unit as sold.
ANZSIC	14
UNICLASS code	Pr_25_71_97_60
Valid from	July 11, 2025
Valid until	July 11, 2030

Technical information

Report boundary

This declaration shows the global warming potential (GWP) of the greenhouse gases embodied in this product, expressed in kilograms of carbon dioxide and equivalent gasses with global warming potential (kgCO₂-e) and is based on the results of a pre-verified LCA performed in accordance with ISO14067 process and procedure as well as ISO14025 and nominated PCR EN15804.

NOTE: This declaration is limited to the life cycle stages shown in the table below.

Lifecycle stage [EN15978]	Product A1-3			Construction A4-5		Use B1-5							End-of-life C1-4				Beyond D
Lifecycle Boxes [EN15978]	Upfront carbon																
	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Climate change (GHG)	Raw Material Supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational Energy	Operational Water	Deconstruction/ Demolition	Transport	Waste Processing	Disposal	Future reuse, recycling or energy recovery potentials
Climate change (GHG)	●	●	●	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Rebuilt	Cradle to gate			Cradle to practical completion													
	Cradle to grave																
	Cradle to cradle																

A1 - Raw Material Extraction

The raw materials stage also called background or upstream covers the extraction and production of the raw materials needed to manufacture the product. It includes the processing of the extracted raw material to the point where it can be made into a recognisable part.

A2 - Transport Raw Material to Factory

This stage outlines the calculation of CO₂ emissions (Stage A2) for transporting raw materials to the factory. It considers transport modes, distances travelled, and material weights to calculate emissions.

A3 - Manufacturing

Converting raw materials into parts and made into the final product. It considers energy usage, packaging, process emissions and production waste.

A4 - Transport to Site

Transport of the product to the final customer, including retail and warehousing. This PCF assumes products ship directly from the manufacturing plant to the final customer and are not sent to retail or warehousing. Scenario used is distance estimated at 200km by truck

A5 - Construction & Installation

Energy to install, ancillary materials required and waste created during the construction & installation of the product on site.

B - Use Phase

Not reported as part of this scope

C - End of Life

Not reported as part of this scope

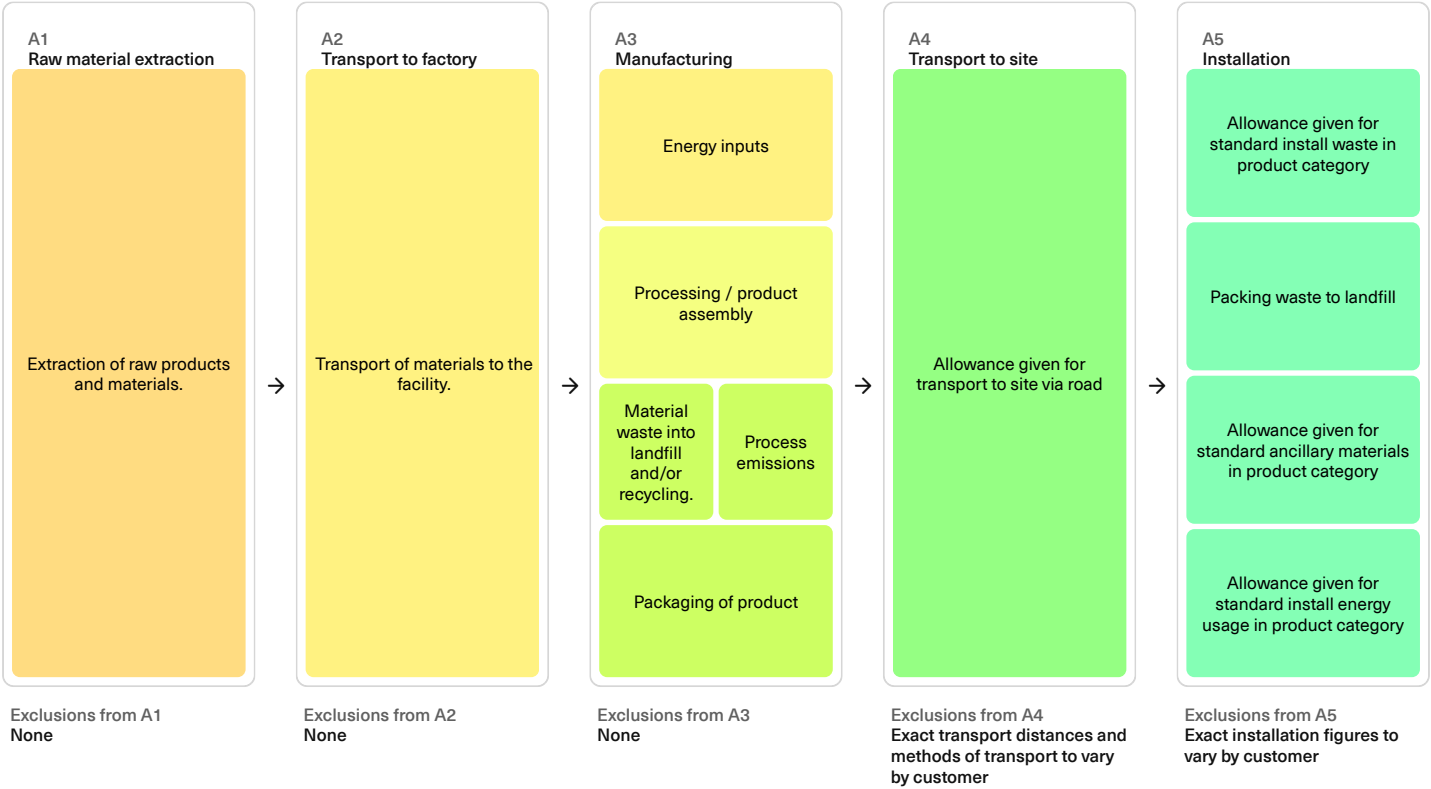
D - Beyond

Not reported as part of this scope

All effort is made to align measurement procedures for PRODUCT PCR to support comparability within the normal limits of accuracy. Users should take note of the scope, limits and product rules where they attempt to compare the A1-A5 result declared here and other product declarations.

Technical information (continued)

Process flow diagram



Cut-off criteria

Individual processes may be excluded if their contributions to the total system's environmental impact are less than 1%. The aggregate cut-off criteria of this PCF follows PCR 2019:14 guideline where a minimum of 95% of total input (mass and energy) for each life cycle stage are included. Exclusions from the PCF is outlined in "Data Assumptions, Choices and Limitations".

The use stage is excluded from the study due to the uncertainty related to the multiple possible applications of the products assessed.

The following processes were left out of the system boundaries, in conformity to usual practices in carbon footprinting: labor, commuting of workers and administrative work.

Allocation procedures

The allocation method for this PCF is based on a physical (mass) basis. The energy used by the product is allocated by normalising the total energy used in the factory to the total mass of the product to the total production mass output from the same factory.

Results

Total upfront carbon
(A1-A3)

1.50

Carbon Footprint
kg CO₂e /m²

Carbon intensity by life cycle stage

Type	A1 (kgCO ₂ e)	A2 (kgCO ₂ e)	A3 (kgCO ₂ e)	A4 (kgCO ₂ e)	A5 (kgCO ₂ e)
Fossil	0.82	0.27	0.41	0.00	0.00
Biogenic	-14.16	0.00	-0.14	0.00	0.00
Luluc	0.20	0.00	< 0.01	0.00	0.00
	Total (kgCO ₂ e)	Total (kgCO ₂ e)	Total (kgCO ₂ e)	Total (kgCO ₂ e)	Total (kgCO ₂ e)
	-13.15	0.27	0.27	0.00	0.00

Carbon intensity by raw material

Material	GWP Fossil (kgCO ₂ e)	GWP Biogenic (kgCO ₂ e)	GWP Luluc (kgCO ₂ e)	GWP Total (kgCO ₂ e)
Waste tetrapak (Post consumer/industrial cartons)	0.00	-7.08	0.12	-6.96
LDPE Facing	0.53	-0.01	< 0.01	0.52
Waste composite fibres	0.00	-5.68	0.07	-5.62
Waste soft plastic (Post consumer/industrial soft plastic)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Recycled saveBOARD (offcuts)	0.00	-0.82	< 0.01	-0.82
Paper facing	0.29	-0.57	0.00	-0.28
	Total (kgCO ₂ e)	Total (kgCO ₂ e)	Total (kgCO ₂ e)	Total (kgCO ₂ e)
	0.82	-14.16	0.20	-13.15

Carbon intensity by transport type

Material	Transport mode	GWP Fossil (kgCO ₂ e)	GWP Biogenic (kgCO ₂ e)	GWP Luluc (kgCO ₂ e)	GWP Total (kgCO ₂ e)
Waste tetrapak (Post consumer/industrial cartons)	Transport, truck, 16 to 28t, fleet average	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.15
Pallet (Reusable or single use)	Transport, truck, 16 to 28t, fleet average	< 0.01	0.00	0.00	< 0.01
LDPE Facing	Transport, truck, 16 to 28t, fleet average	< 0.01	0.00	0.00	< 0.01

Results (Continue)

Waste composite fibres	Transport, truck, 16 to 28t, fleet average	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.02
Plastic film (Shrink wrap or similar)	Transport, truck, 16 to 28t, fleet average	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Waste soft plastic (Post consumer/industrial soft plastic)	Transport, truck, 16 to 28t, fleet average	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.07
Recycled saveBOARD (offcuts)	Transport, truck, 16 to 28t, fleet average	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.02
Paper facing	Transport, truck, 16 to 28t, fleet average	< 0.01	0.00	0.00	< 0.01
		Total (kgCO2e)	Total (kgCO2e)	Total (kgCO2e)	Total (kgCO2e)
		0.27	0.00	0.00	0.27

Carbon intensity by energy source

Energy type	GWP Fossil (kgCO2e)	GWP Biogenic (kgCO2e)	GWP Luluc (kgCO2e)	GWP Total (kgCO2e)
Natural gas from grid	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.17
Specialised electricity emissions (0.018kgCO2e/kWh)	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.21
		Total (kgCO2e)	Total (kgCO2e)	Total (kgCO2e)
		0.38	0.00	0.38

Carbon intensity by packaging material

Material	GWP Fossil (kgCO2e)	GWP Biogenic (kgCO2e)	GWP Luluc (kgCO2e)	GWP Total (kgCO2e)
Pallet (Reusable or single use)	0.03	-0.14	< 0.01	-0.11
Plastic film (Shrink wrap or similar)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
		Total (kgCO2e)	Total (kgCO2e)	Total (kgCO2e)
		0.03	-0.14	-0.11

Carbon intensity by process emissions

Material	GWP Fossil (kgCO2e)	GWP Biogenic (kgCO2e)	GWP Luluc (kgCO2e)	GWP Total (kgCO2e)
		Total (kgCO2e)	Total (kgCO2e)	Total (kgCO2e)
		0.00	0.00	0.00

Carbon intensity by waste treatment

Material	Waste treatment type	GWP Fossil (kgCO2e)	GWP Biogenic (kgCO2e)	GWP Luluc (kgCO2e)	GWP Total (kgCO2e)
Waste tetrapak (Post consumer/industrial cartons)	N/A	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LDPE Facing	N/A	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Results (Continue)

Waste composite fibres	N/A	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Waste soft plastic (Post consumer/industrial soft plastic)	N/A	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Recycled saveBOARD (offcuts)	N/A	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Paper facing	N/A	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
		Total (kgCO2e)	Total (kgCO2e)	Total (kgCO2e)	Total (kgCO2e)
		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Data quality indicator

Data category	Data source	Evidence provided	Evidence type	Data quality	Recency	Overall confidence
Materials	Rebuilt	Yes	EPD	1	This FY	High
						Overall data quality rating High

References

- ISO 14040:2006+A1:2020 - Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Principles and framework
- ISO 14044:2006+A2:2020 - Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Requirements and guidelines
- ISO 14067:2018 (First Edition) - Greenhouse gases - Carbon footprint of products - Requirements and guidelines for quantification
- EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 - Sustainability of construction works - Environmental product declarations - Core rules for the product category of construction products
- Australian National Life Cycle Inventory Database (AusLCI) version 1.42 (May 2023)
- ecoinvent database v3.11 (November 2024)
- Australian National Greenhouse Accounts Factors 2024